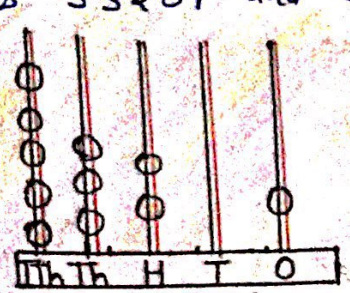


Numbers beyond 9999 :- In previous class, we have learnt how to read and write numbers up to 9999. In this class, we shall extend our knowledge of numbers beyond 9999.

9999 ← greatest 4-digit number

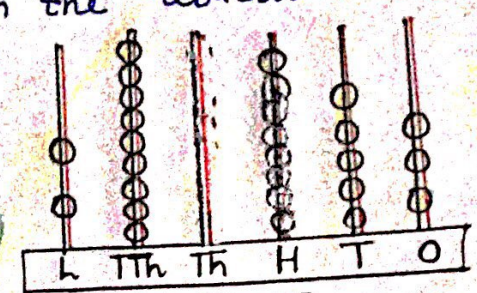
$\begin{array}{r} 9999 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 10000 \end{array}$ ← smallest 5-digit number

Representing numbers on the abacus :- Let us represent the numbers 53201 and 290853 on the abacus.



53201

Fifty-three thousand two hundred one.



290853

Two lakh ninety thousand eight hundred fifty-three.

(Home Work)

(A) Represent the following numbers on the abacus and write their numbers names.

- (a) 53469 (b) 85403 (c) 49321 (d) 345792 (e) 654031

(B) Write in the short form.

- (a) $5000 + 300 + 20 + 3 = \square$ (b) $9000 + 30 + 8 = \square$
 (c) $7000 + 400 + 0 + 4 = \square$ (d) $8000 + 900 + 40 + 1 = \square$

(C) Write in ascending order:

- (a) 4325, 3907, 5469, 8927, 2189
 (b) 6849, 5690, 3986, 9875, 7481
 (c) 3201, 9310, 6705, 8971, 5432

(D) Fill in the circles with >, < or =.

- (a) 3584 ○ 4976 (b) 9542 ○ 6471
 (c) 8531 ○ 7065 (d) 7096 ○ 8152

(E) Write the smallest and the greatest 8-digit numbers in both figures and words.

(i) Smallest _____

(ii) Greatest _____

